Linear IC Converter CMOS A/D Converter (With 4-channel Input at 12-bit Resolution)

MB88101A

DESCRIPTION

The MB88101A is an analog-to-digital converter that converts its analog input to a 12-bit digital value and outputs it as serial data.

The MB88101A employs a successive approximation method for A/D conversion.

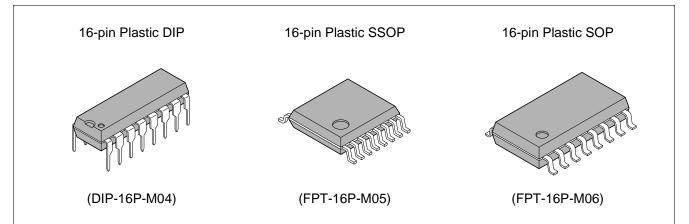
The MB88101A has four input channels selectable for analog input under control of the dedicated external pins.

The MB88101A can be switched to a mode for continuous A/D conversion, in which it outputs serial data from the MSB or LSB selectable depending on the mode setting.

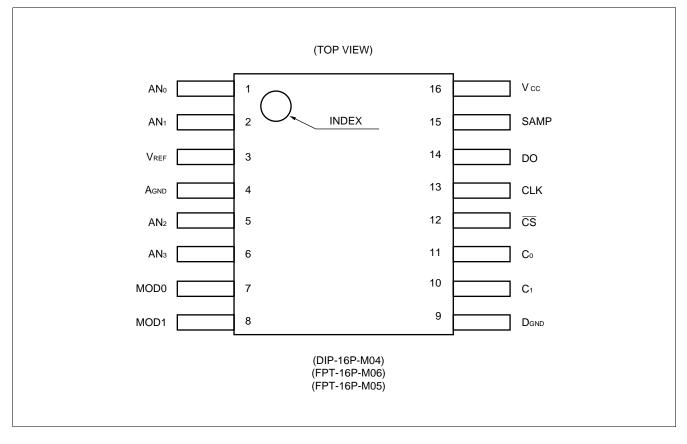
FEATURES

- 4-channel analog input
- One analog input channel selectable for conversion by external control
- · CR-type successive approximation system with a sample-and-hole circuit
- 12-bit resolution
- Serial output of 12-bit digital data
- Capable of continuous conversion (continuous conversion mode)
- MSB or LSB selectable for serial output
- CMOS process
- Package options of 16-pin DIP, SSOP, and SOP available

PACKAGES



■ PIN ASSIGNMENT



■ PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin no.	Symbol	I/O	Descriptions
1 2 5 6	AN0 AN1 AN2 AN3	I	Analog input pins. One of these channels can be selected depending on the C_0 and C_1 settings.
14	DO	0	This pin outputs the result of A/D conversion. The result is 12-bit serial data output in synchronization with the rise of CLK.
13	CLK	I	Clock input pin for A/D conversion
12	CS	I	Chip select signal input pin. Setting the signal level to "L" after turning the power on starts A/D conversion; setting it to "H" stops A/D conversion. When this pin is "H", the DO and SAMP pins are "Hi-z".
11 10	C0 C1	I	Input pins for selecting the analog input channels from among pins AN_0 to AN_3 . See Table 1 for the correspondence between the pin settings and the channels selected. To switch the channel in mode 2 or 3, set these pins before the SAMP pin goes "H".
7 8	MOD0 MOD1	I	Conversion mode setting pins. For the correspondence between the pin settings and the modes selected, see Table 2 and "■ FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION."
15	SAMP	0	This pin becomes active in prior to data output. Serial data is output from the DO pin three clock cycles after the signal level at this pin goes "L" after "H" for one clock cycle.
3	Vref	-	Reference voltage input pin
4	Agnd	-	Analog circuit ground pin
9	Dgnd	-	Digital circuit ground pin
16	Vcc	—	Power supply pin

• Channel selection

Table 1 Pin Settings and Channel Selection

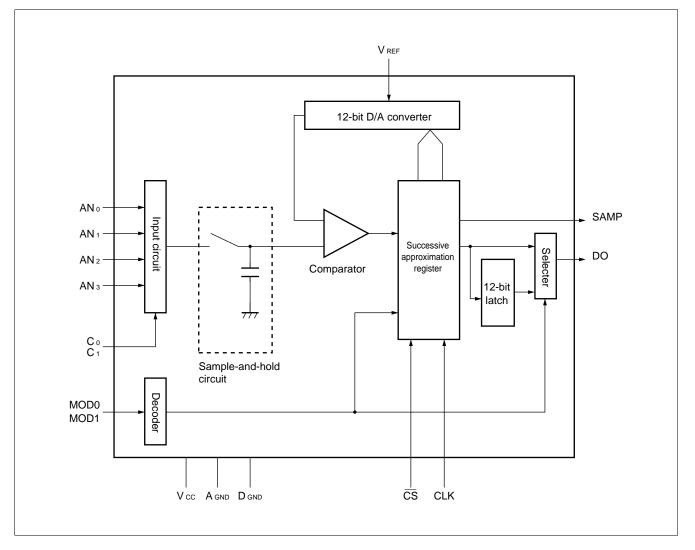
C 1	Co	Channel
L	L	AN₀
L	Н	AN₁
Н	L	AN ₂
Н	Н	AN ₃

• Mode selection

Table 2 Pin Settings and Mode Selection

MOD 0	MOD1	Mode
L	L	Mode 1
L	Н	Mode 2
Н	L	(Disabled)
Н	Н	Mode 3

BLOCK DIAGRAM

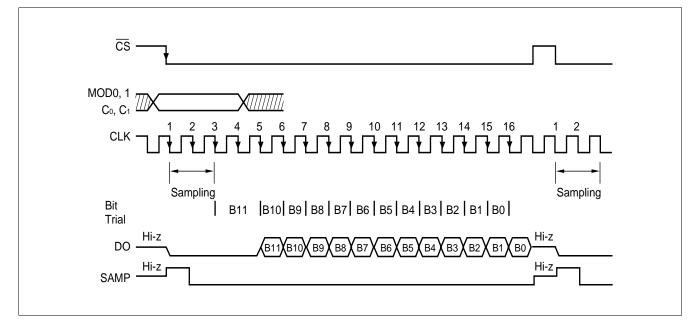


■ FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

1. Mode 1

This mode sets the DO pin to "L" and stops conversion upon completion of conversion of 12 bits. To restart conversion, set \overline{CS} to "H" once then to "L". In this mode, converted data is output from the MSB.

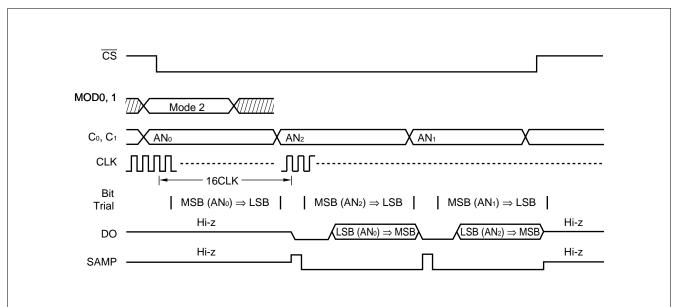
• Timing diagram



2. Mode 2

This mode continues conversion until \overline{CS} becomes "H" after it becomes "L". Converted data is output from the LSB, with the first piece of converted data output 20 clock cycles after \overline{CS} becomes "L". Changing the channel select pin settings before starting sampling of one analog input allows another to be converted.

• Timing diagram

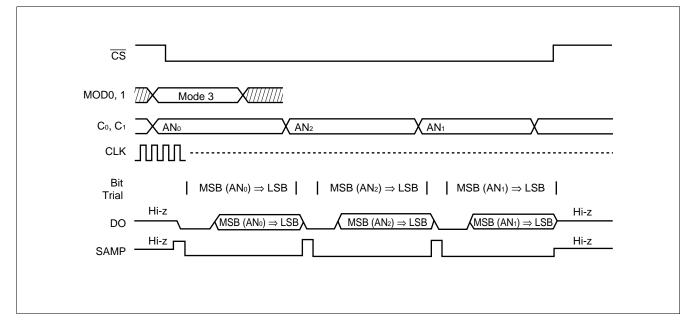


MB88101A

3. Mode 3

This mode continues conversion until \overline{CS} becomes "H" after it becomes "L". Converted data is output from the MSB. Changing the channel select pin settings before starting sampling of one analog input allows another to be converted.

• Timing diagram



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ra	Unit	
Falanietei	Conditions		Min.	Max.	Onit
Power supply voltage	Vcc		-0.3	+7.0	V
Fower supply voltage	Vref	Based on GND	-0.3*	+7.0*	V
Input voltage	Vin	(Ta = +25°C)	-0.3	Vcc + 0.3	V
Output voltage	Vout		-0.3	Vcc + 0.3	V
Power consumption	PD	—	—	150	mW
Operating temperature	Та	—	-20	+85	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-55	+150	°C

* : Vcc \geq Vref

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol			Unit		
Falameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Power supply voltage	Vcc	3.3	—	5.5	V	
Power supply voltage	GND	—	0		V	
Operation temperature	Та	-20		+85	°C	

WARNING: Recommended operating conditions are normal operating ranges for the semiconductor device. All the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within the recommended operating conditions. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their FUJITSU representative beforehand.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC

1. DC Characteristics

(1) Digital section

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Conditions	Value			Unit
Falameter	Symbol	Fill liaille	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power supply voltage	Vcc		—	3.3	5.0	5.5	V
Power supply current	lcc	Vcc	Operation at CLK =166kHz (with no load)	_	0.8	2.0	mA
Input leakage current	lilk	MOD0, 1 CLK CS	VIN = 0 to Vcc	-10	_	10	μΑ
Low-level input voltage	VIL		CS	_	Vss- 0.3	_	0.2 Vcc
High-level input voltage	Vih	C0 C1	_	0.8 Vcc		Vcc+ 0.3	V
High-impedance output leakage current	lolz	DO SAMP	V _{IN} = 0 to V _{CC}	-10	_	10	μA
Low-level output voltage	Vol		lo∟ = 2.5 mA	—	—	0.4	V
High-level output voltage	Vон		Іон = -400 μА	Vcc- 0.4		—	V

(Vcc = 3.3 V to 5.5 V, D_{GND} = 0 V, Ta = -20° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C)

(2) Analog section

(VREF, VCC = 3.3 V to 5.5 V (VCC \ge VREF), Agnd = 0 V, Ta = -20°C to +85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Value			Unit	
Faialletei			Min.	Тур.	Max.	onit	
Resolution	_		_	12		bits	
Linearity error	—	AN₀ to AN₃	-4.0	_	2.0	LSB	
Differential linearity error	—		-1.0	—	3.0	LSB	
Conversion time	—		—	16	—	CLK	
Consumption current	REF	Vref	_	100	300	μΑ	
Analog reference voltage	—	VKEF	3.3	5.0	Vcc	V	
Analog input voltage		AN ₀ to AN ₃	0		Vref	V	

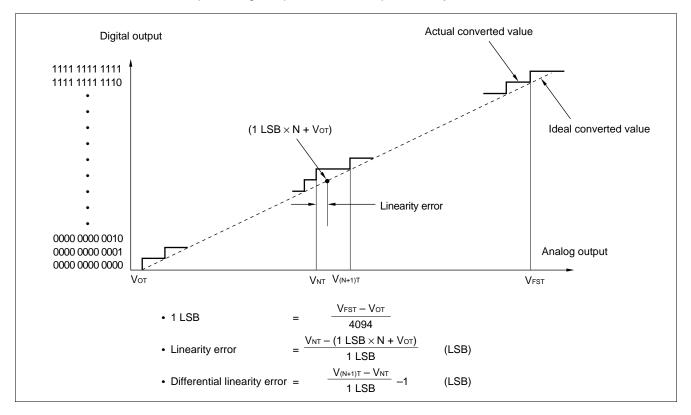
(3) Definitions of A/D converter terms

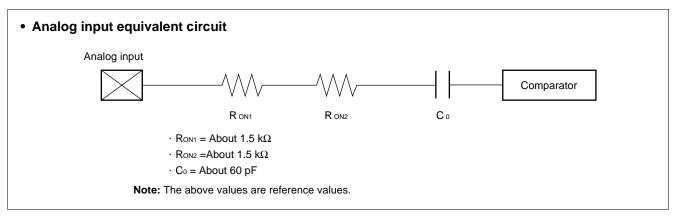
- Resolution
 Analog transition identifiable by the A/D converter
- · Linearity error

Deviation of the straight line drawn between the zero transition point (0000 0000 \leftrightarrow 0000 0000 0001) and the full-scale transition point (1111 1111 1110 \leftrightarrow 1111 1111 1111) of the device from actual conversion characteristics

• Differential linearity error

Deviation from the ideal input voltage required to shift output code by one LSB





Notes: • The tolerance of output impedance of an external circuit connected to this A/D converter has an effect on conversion time (CLK frequency). See "■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS".

- If the output impedance of the external input is too high, the analog voltage sampling time may be short.
- When turning the device on, turn the power supply for the digital system first before turning VREF on.

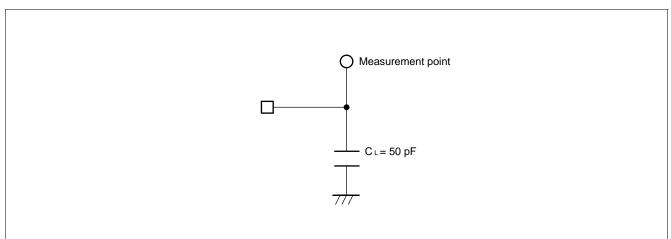
2. AC Characteristics

Devementer	Cumb al	Conditions	Value		11 14
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
	t au 11	Vcc = 5 V ± 10% *1	1.0	30.0	μs
Clock cycle time	tclk	_	6.0	30.0	μs
Low-level clock pulse width	tcĸ∟	_	2.8	14.8	μs
High-level clock pulse width	tскн	—	2.8	14.8	μs
Clock rise time Clock fall time	tor tor	_	_	0.2	μs
CS setup time	tcss	—	tскь + 0.4	—	μs
CS hold time	tсsн	—	1.0	—	μs
CS release time	t CSR	—	1.0	_	CLK
Channel setup time	tснs	—	0	_	μs
Channel hold time	tснн	—	1.0	—	CLK
Data output delay time	tdo	*2	—	0.5	μs
MOD setup time	tмos	—	0.2	—	μs
MOD hold time	tмон	—	0.1	—	μs
Data active delay time	t dve	—	—	0.5	μs
Data float delay time	tdze	—	_	0.5	μs
SAMP active delay time	tsve	—	—	0.5	μs
SAMP float delay time	tsze	—	—	0.5	μs
SAMP high-level output delay time	tsнd	*2		0.5	μs
SAMP low-level output delay time	tsld	*2		0.5	μs

(Vref, Vcc = 3.3 V to +5.5 V (Vcc \ge Vref), Agnd = 0 V, Ta = -20°C to +85°C)

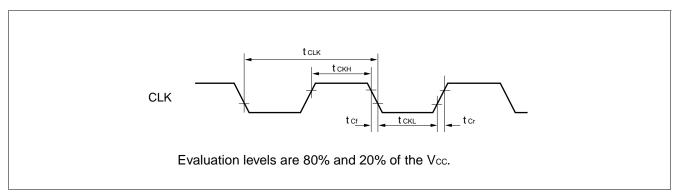
*1: Depending on the output impedance of the external circuit connected to the analog input pin *2: See "• AC test circuit."

• AC test circuit

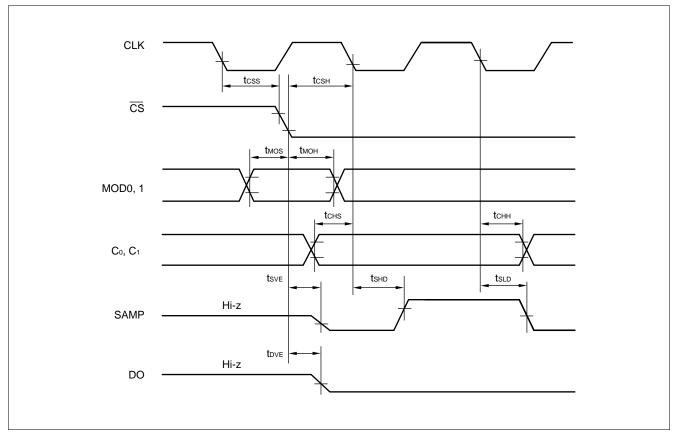


■ TIMING DIAGRAM

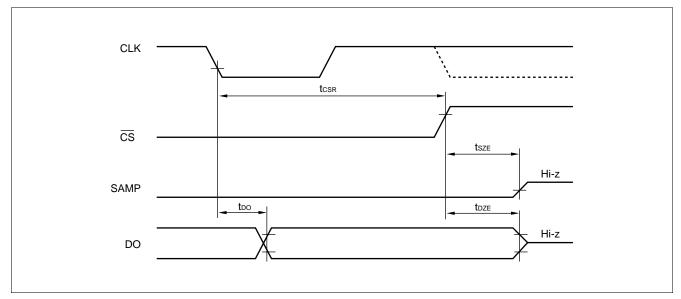
(1) Input clock timing



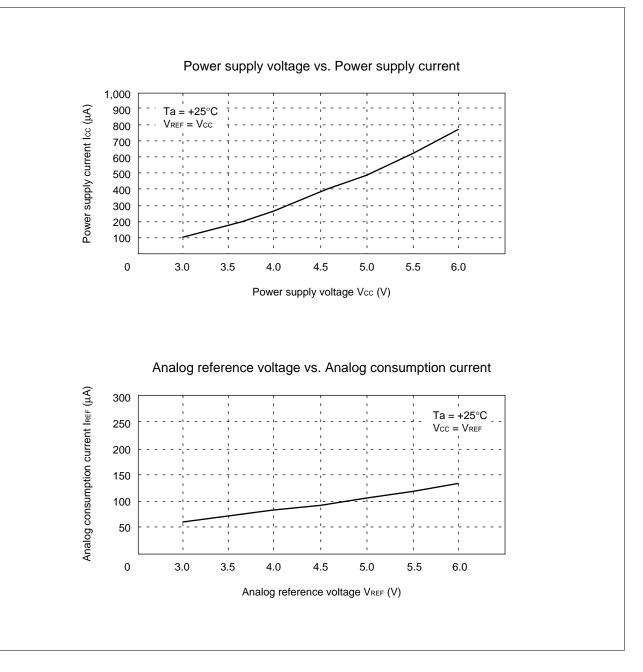
(2) A/D startup timing



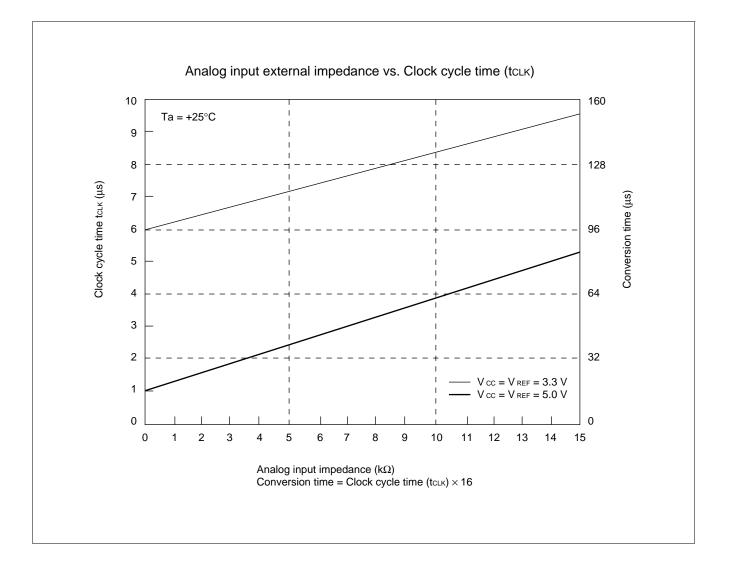
(3) Data output delay time and A/D stop timing



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



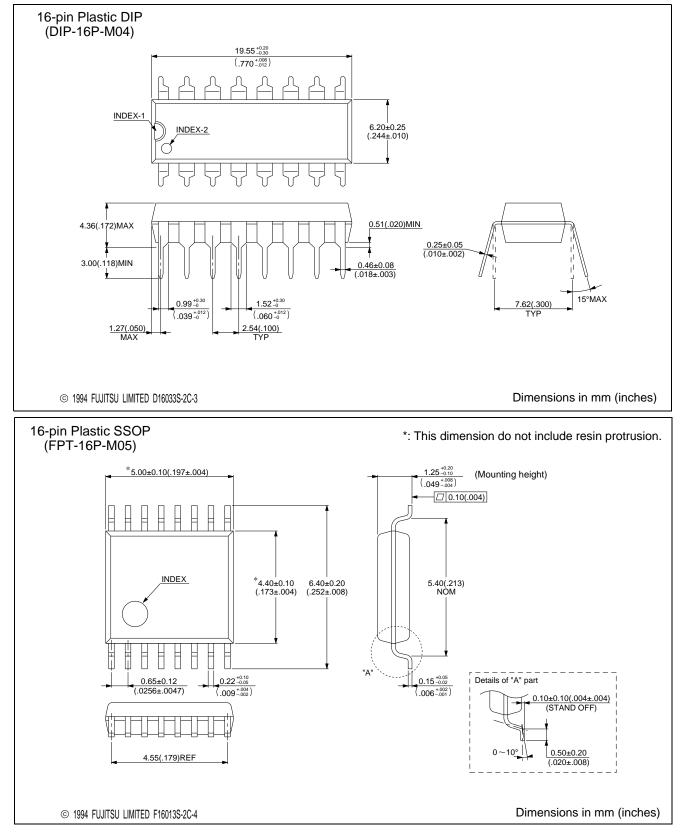
MB88101A

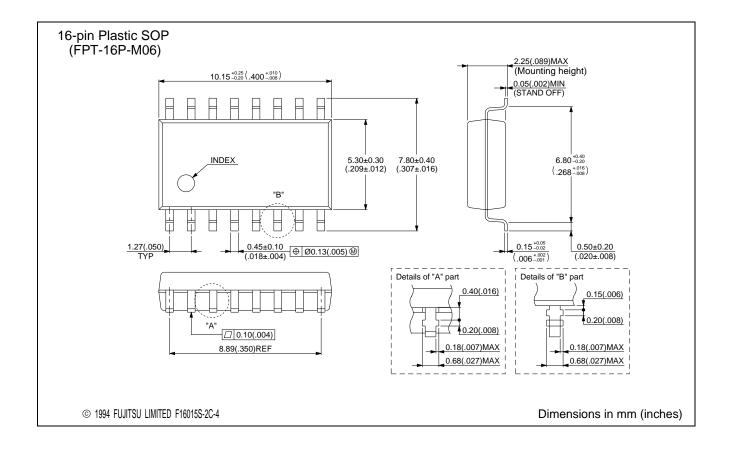


■ ORDERING INFORMATION

Part number	Package	Remarks
MB88101AP	16-pin Plastic DIP (DIP-16P-M04)	
MB88101APFV	16-pin Plastic SSOP (FPT-16P-M05)	
MB88101APF	16-pin Plastic SOP (FPT-16P-M06)	

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS





MB88101A

FUJITSU LIMITED

For further information please contact:

Japan

FUJITSU LIMITED Corporate Global Business Support Division Electronic Devices KAWASAKI PLANT, 4-1-1, Kamikodanaka Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi Kanagawa 211-8588, Japan Tel: (044) 754-3763 Fax: (044) 754-3329

http://www.fujitsu.co.jp/

North and South America

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS, INC. Semiconductor Division 3545 North First Street San Jose, CA 95134-1804, USA Tel: (408) 922-9000 Fax: (408) 922-9179

Customer Response Center *Mon. - Fri.: 7 am - 5 pm (PST)* Tel: (800) 866-8608 Fax: (408) 922-9179

http://www.fujitsumicro.com/

Europe

FUJITSU MIKROELEKTRONIK GmbH Am Siebenstein 6-10 D-63303 Dreieich-Buchschlag Germany Tel: (06103) 690-0 Fax: (06103) 690-122

http://www.fujitsu-ede.com/

Asia Pacific

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS ASIA PTE LTD #05-08, 151 Lorong Chuan New Tech Park Singapore 556741 Tel: (65) 281-0770 Fax: (65) 281-0220

http://www.fmap.com.sg/

F9802 © FUJITSU LIMITED Printed in Japan All Rights Reserved.

The contents of this document are subject to change without notice. Customers are advised to consult with FUJITSU sales representatives before ordering.

The information and circuit diagrams in this document presented as examples of semiconductor device applications, and are not intended to be incorporated in devices for actual use. Also, FUJITSU is unable to assume responsibility for infringement of any patent rights or other rights of third parties arising from the use of this information or circuit diagrams.

FUJITSU semiconductor devices are intended for use in standard applications (computers, office automation and other office equipment, industrial, communications, and measurement equipment, personal or household devices, etc.). CAUTION:

Customers considering the use of our products in special applications where failure or abnormal operation may directly affect human lives or cause physical injury or property damage, or where extremely high levels of reliability are demanded (such as aerospace systems, atomic energy controls, sea floor repeaters, vehicle operating controls, medical devices for life support, etc.) are requested to consult with FUJITSU sales representatives before such use. The company will not be responsible for damages arising from such use without prior approval.

Any semiconductor devices have inherently a certain rate of failure. You must protect against injury, damage or loss from such failures by incorporating safety design measures into your facility and equipment such as redundancy, fire protection, and prevention of over-current levels and other abnormal operating conditions.

If any products described in this document represent goods or technologies subject to certain restrictions on export under the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law of Japan, the prior authorization by Japanese government should be required for export of those products from Japan.